29th November 1928]

Bhumidhimiripolli.

1. Bhumidhimiripolli village.	An extent of 74 acres has been set apart as unreserve for grazing purposes.
2. Mohulapolli	......
3. Vinjagiri	An extent of about 180 acres has been set apart as unreserve for grazing purposes.
4. Korobhago	An extent of 30 acres has been set apart as unreserve for grazing purposes.

Gudiya and Suliya.

1. Hirakhandi village.	An extent of 100 acres has been set apart as unreserve for grazing purposes.
2. Soropoda	An extent of 20 acres has been set apart as unreserve for grazing purposes.
3. Baharipur	An extent of 40 acres has been set apart as unreserve for grazing purposes.
4. Kondupolli	An extent of 150 acres has been set apart as unreserve for grazing purposes.
5. Padmapur	Do.
6. Chancharapalli ...	Do.
7. Polavupolli	An extent of 180 acres has been set apart as unreserve for grazing purposes.
8. Rosokumpa	

TAMIL NADU LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY
TRUTH ALONE TRIUMPHS

APPENDIX VIII.

[Vide answer to question No. 892 asked by Mr. C. Ramasomayajulu at the meeting of the Legislative Council held on the 29th November 1928, page 431 supra.]

Letter No 2303/28-*C.E.P.*, *dated* 19*th November* 1928, *from the Chief Engineer for Irrigation.*

The Executive Engineer, Godavari Head Works division, reports that as Navigation Rules do not apply to portions of the river referred to in clause (*a*) of question No. 549, no check is exercised over the boats with regard to their river-worthiness or otherwise. If the boats are overloaded so as to be dangerous to human life, action can be taken under the Penal Code by the Police and the record of accidents, if any, may be available with the Police department.